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The Chicago Tribune.

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THE FREIGHT-MEN YIELD.

ARE THE BRIDGING OF THE END OF THE GREAT STRIKE?

Conditional Surrender of the Freight-Handlers, Who Will Apply for Reinstatement Today—They Will Succeed Unless Ice Forms the Railroads Favor—The Brave and the Right-Have-Won Men—Harrison's Mistake—Local Labor Items.

The 1,200 freight-handlers came to the conclusion last night that the railroads were willing to treat, and that they would accept a fair basis today on any terms that might be offered. The conclusion was reached by the committees representing the strikers from the several roads which for nineteen days have been enjoying the large hall in which the meeting was held. These committees were first called for the purpose of considering the propriety of accepting a uniform proposition to the railroad officials, but in a few minutes the fact was developed that all the companies were ready to return to work, whether the differences were made or not, and that they were anxious to have a general reunion on the part of the employés. The committees in this direction was to ascertain if the strikers wanted to go back to work, and if they were willing to do so without making any terms. The committees reported that all the men were willing to return to work, whether the differences were made or not, and that they were ready to accept

MR. LAMAR IS DISGUSTED.

HIS RESIGNATION FROM SILVER THE CAUSE.

What's to Be Done with Stone, Black and Spoffo?—Secretary Whitney's Correspondence Grab.—The Inter-State Commerce Fraud.—A Big Wine Claim.—The American Flag Afloat.—Regarding the Pension Commissioner.—Other Capital News.

Washington, D. C., May 5.—[Special.]—Senator Lamar is not the only Democratic officeholder who begs the people in the Potomac Valley hereabouts to subscribe for the Tribune. For another thing, Commissioner Black's recent whipping about Commissioner Black's removal to another post, where he won't have the chance to make the business that have an excuse for existence, has caused Messrs. Cleveland and Lamar much to say just at the head of the Treasury Bureau, the name has been "mentioned" in connection with the Interior vacancy. The two men would not mention this act, but that the matter isn't going to be kept quiet, and, in fact, is known, there is almost the last person who would be picked out to fill Mr. Black's post. Mr. Lamar's friends have been trying to get him to the post ever since the Interior Department was created, and Secretary Lamar's connection with the Pacific railroad legislation in behalf of the Interior Department is responsible for the selection of the Cabinet position who is from Mississippi. But Lamar, even, is not to be the last occupant of the Interior Department, and to-day he is not even in the Cabinet, although he has been in the Senate for a number of years. He has never had an opportunity to give up his seat, and has resigned several times, but has always been defeated. He

AND ABOUT NEW YORK.

TERRIBLE DEATHS REPORTED FROM HAYTHORNE, N. J.

The Wife of Pardon Parmenter Kills Her Husband and Then Takes Her Own Life—Suicide of Miss M. Latimer, a Quaker—Society Complaint in Case of Secretary—An Assistant Editor's Friends Get Worried About Him.

New York, May 9.—[Special.]—After an absence of two days Pardon Parmenter, senior member of the firm of Parmenter & De Garmo, proprietors of Nos. 29 and 31 Front street, New York, returned to his home at Haythorne, near Paterson, N. J., at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon. His wife, a handsome woman, aged 35 years of age, upbraided him for his long absence, and seemed provoked that he should stay away without previously letting her know of his intention. Mr. Parmenter at last, after repeated assurances that he had been visiting his property in Haythorne, and had been detained there by the interference of Sheriff Hopper, with whom he had had a fight, and who had arrested him on a charge of assault, went out to the stable to look after his horse. Mrs. Parmenter followed her husband out, and the quarrel was renewed. Mr. Parmenter, who had been visiting his property in the city, and with the utmost sweetness in a few minutes, with the treatment, went out to feed the chickens. He remained out of sight nearly 15 minutes, and then returned to the dining-room, to find Mrs. Parmenter lying across the floor, with a bullet hole in her right temple, and a revolver lying near her hand. Mr. Parmenter, who is a man of 45 years of age, is prostrated with grief at the terrible occurrence, and has been under the care of a physician since the shooting. He will be taken to Paterson, N. J., to-day, and will be buried beside his wife.

Haythorne, N. J., May 9.—[Special.]—Mrs. Parmenter was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fernandez, who live on upper Broadway, in this city. She was married to Mr. Parmenter about two years ago. Mr. Parmenter is a member of the firm of Parmenter & De Garmo, 29 and 31 Front street, New York, and is the owner of a handsome residence in this place. Mrs. Parmenter was a beautiful woman, and was very popular among her friends. Mr. Parmenter is a man of about 45 years of age, and is very well known in this city. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and is also a member of the Knights of Honor. He is a man of quiet disposition, and is highly respected by his neighbors. He has been married twice, his first wife having died about two years ago. Mr. Parmenter is the owner of a large amount of property in this city, and is also interested in the firm of Parmenter & De Garmo, of New York. He has been visiting his property here for the past few days, and was engaged in feeding the chickens when the shooting occurred. Mr. Parmenter is prostrated with grief at the terrible occurrence, and has been under the care of a physician since the shooting. He will be taken to Paterson, N. J., to-day, and will be buried beside his wife.

Suicide of Miss M. Latimer.

Miss M. Latimer, a prominent and retiring Quaker, shot herself early this morning at the residence of her brother-in-law, William Irving, No. 69 Park avenue, Brooklyn. On hearing the report of the pistol, members of the family rushed into the room and found Miss Latimer lying on the floor in a pool of blood, with a pistol clutched in her right hand. Dr. Irving, who lives in the house, was summoned, but on his arrival found that life was extinct. Miss Latimer was about 40 years of age, and was highly respected by her friends and acquaintances. She was a member of the Society of Friends, but about two years ago left the society and joined the Methodist Episcopal church. Recently rumors had arisen of the young woman's intended marriage to a well-known man, and her friends in this city were surprised to learn of the fact. Grief over the loss of her lover is supposed to have been the cause of her rash act.

Complaint Against Secretary.

Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, of No. 1,000 Fulton street, Brooklyn, has made complaint against Secretary Foster, charging him with having committed an assault upon her. Mrs. Hall is a widow, and has been living with her son-in-law, Mr. Hall, at the above address. Mr. Hall is a clerk in the Secretary's office, and has been living with his family in Washington for the past two years. Mrs. Hall says that Secretary Foster called at her house on Saturday, April 25, and, finding her son-in-law absent, made an assault upon her. She says that she resisted his attempts, and finally succeeded in getting him out of the house. She says that Secretary Foster has been drinking heavily for some time past, and that he has been in the habit of visiting her son-in-law's house frequently during his absence. She says that Secretary Foster has been in the habit of calling at her son-in-law's house frequently during his absence. She says that Secretary Foster has been in the habit of calling at her son-in-law's house frequently during his absence.

Assistant Editor's Condition.

The condition of an assistant editor during the week has not been such as to lead his friends and associates to feel very much encouraged. He is almost always on the lookout for the slightest change in the latter's condition, and is constantly hoping from day to day that the gradual improvement which has been noticed in him will continue. Dr. Irving, who has been in attendance upon the sick man, and who has been assisted by Dr. Hall, of Brooklyn, and Dr. Stephenson, of this city, has been unremitting in his attentions to the patient, and has been rewarded by seeing him gradually improve in health. Dr. Irving is confident that the patient will recover, and that he will be able to resume his duties in a few days. Dr. Hall, who has been attending Mr. Irving, has been assisted by Dr. Stephenson, of this city, and has been unremitting in his attentions to the patient, and has been rewarded by seeing him gradually improve in health. Dr. Irving is confident that the patient will recover, and that he will be able to resume his duties in a few days.

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Chicago.

The Thirteenth Seniors debating to-day elected officers as follows: President, Dr. A. Cole (Ohio, Pittsburgh); Vice-President, Dr. E. E. Rainey (Oregon, Baltimore); Second Vice-President, Dr. C. D. Ford (Ind., Fort Wayne); Dr. E. Perry Marsh, New York; Second Secretary, Dr. D. Stephenson, Iowa City. The assistant will be appointed later. The next debate will be held in Chicago, and the annual banquet is supposed to be about $15,000 per annum.

About 50 people met at the Baltic Public Library hall to attend the unloading of the monument to Bolgiano Brothers, the famous pathfinders. The subscription for the monument, chiefly from men and employees in connection with the Baltic Indian service of this city, have reached a sum of about twenty-two hundred and four dollars and four cents of the sum.

SPORTING NEWS.

Tonight's Chess Contest.

Charles Hodell, accompanied by Tom Warren, the featherweight, and Jack Burke, to-night will fight their respective battles in the ring at the Coliseum. The two principals will meet to-day at the Palmer's to adjust a set-to to get at their gloves weights, which have been fixed at the Saturday weight, 118 pounds. The bout will be for a purse of $1,000, and will be fought with two-ounce gloves. The men will be in the ring at 10 o'clock sharp. Hodell will be accompanied by Jack Burke, who will be his second, and Warren will be accompanied by Jack Burke, who will be his second. The men will be in the ring at 10 o'clock sharp.

Forty-three Hurt Seconds.

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 9.—A private fight, with two-ounce gloves, for a purse of $200, London prize-ring rules, took place to a late hour this morning, on private view grounds, between William Clark, of Hayden, Pa., and James Lowe, of Connellsville, Pa. Many thousand dollars were brought to bear on the contest. In the fourteenth round Clark made a rush at Clark, but the latter was too quick for him, and, tripping a heavy hook on the chin, knocked his opponent down. Clark was carried to his corner, and was badly punished. After fifty-two minutes fighting, Clark was knocked out.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 9.—[Special.]—In the second game of the Northwestern League series here this afternoon Minneapolis was again defeated, today by a score of 11 to 5. Tomorrow the Milwaukees will meet the Minneapolis team on the grounds of the latter.

St. Louis, Mo., May 9.—[Special.]—The fourth game between the Louis and St. Louis Western League clubs was played today with an attendance of about 1,500 people. The game was decidedly interesting, and the visitors easily proved too much for the home team. The score is as follows:

Louisville	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Louisville, Ky., May 9.—[Special.]—

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries—Cincinnati, O. Smith and Vaughn; Louisville, Ramsey and Grim. Umpire—Hurst.

League Games for the Week.

The Boston team will arrive in the city this morning from Philadelphia for the first of their series of three games with the Chicagos this afternoon. Anderson and Daly will form the battery for the home team, following in the programme of the league clubs for the week:

May 11, 12, 13—Philadelphias at Boston; Pittsburgh at Washington; St. Louis at New York; Chicago at Brooklyn.

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THE PUBLICITY QUESTION.

England's Minister at Washington Finds Congress Has Been Careless in the Matter.

Washington, D. C., May 9.—Concerning there will be published an interview with the Hon. Sackville West, the British Minister, in regard to the seizure of the United States sealing vessel Alfred by the Canadian authorities, in which he says: "I have had no official correspondence with the American authorities on the case. That matter is in the hands of the Dominion authorities at the present stage. They communicate directly with the Colonial Office in London, and I do not think any action is taken by the Imperial Government that I should be able to act in connection with the United States. I have heard the question is going to cause serious complications between the two countries. Of course the seizure of the Alfred is fight will terminate the unpleasantness which is felt on both sides. Everything might have been avoided had Congress taken the advice of the administration and appointed a commission to enter into the whole dispute. But it has shown not on one, but on Senator Frye, who really does not seem to care what he does, Congress has abandoned the Behring question to the Canadian Government. Of course, it will be a matter of time when the Imperial Government may entertain it in a way of its own. Everything depends now on Capital upon the way in which the British Government may entertain the matter. The seizure of the Alfred will bring to the question and possibly settle the whole controversy. It will come before a court which will treat citizens and not pawn-brokers. I don't believe there will be any serious action taken by either country. There will be no war and the seizure of the sealer will not be the cause of war between England and America. Congress has always been very active in its way of the sea. Everything has been found always to operate against the Americans.

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AN UNPLEASANT INTERRUPTION.

The Ashland Avenue Baptist Church Congregation Disturbed.

Just as the Rev. Dr. Scott, of the Ashland Avenue Baptist Church, was beginning his sermon last evening on the action and the consequence, the door of the church was noisily opened and a long, lank-limbed, dirty, tobacco-stained individual entered deliberately, and, in a loud voice to the person nearest to him, demanded to know if Dr. Scott was present. Immediately there was a commotion among the congregation, and many of the ladies present left their seats and hurried to the rear of the church, where they gathered in groups and whispered excitedly to each other. The man was soon removed, and the sermon was resumed.

A BIG BLAZE IN CANADA.

THE TOWN OF HULL VISITED BY A DISASTROUS FIRE.

Two Hundred Families Left Homeless and $500,000 Worth of Property Destroyed—Only $60,000 Insurance—The Inflames Being Fanned by the Gale—Assistance Sent from the Chaudiere—The Fire Spread Elsewhere.

Ottawa, Ont., May 9.—[Special.]—About 1 o'clock this morning fire was discovered breaking out from the roof of Landry's bakery, corner of Locust and Hannah streets, Hull. The fire brigade was soon on the spot and went to work with a will, but could make no headway against the flames, which leaped from roof to roof with astonishing rapidity, the breeze coming in such gales. From the starting point the flames at first spread in every direction, but wind from the northwest, shifting to the S., began to make marked progress in the direction of Main street and of the extensive lumbering grounds of the Ivanhoeway. By the aid of the powerful streams the fire was, however, prevented from spreading towards the Gatineau, with large planing mills on the river side of Main street, though the heat was so intense that it seemed as if the former must go. A second or third alarm was sent in, at which a number of the brigade from the Chaudiere came over the bridge and rendered valuable assistance, proving more than a match for the flames, but their efforts at length proved unavailing. All the buildings on the east side of Main street were severely scorched, while those on the west side were destroyed, except a few.

To the north and northeast of the progress of the fire was checked by the open ground, at about 2:30 the fire was checked in two directions, and the continued efforts of all the men from Main street to save their property and the lumber piles, as regards from Charles Hall here, checked and eventually stopped the flames. The fire was now practically under control, though it was not until 5 o'clock that the fire was entirely extinguished. The morning dawned upon a scene of desolation. The area burned over comprises about one square mile, and includes the whole of the lumbering district on the north side of the Gatineau river, and the whole of the business portion of Hull, with the exception of a few buildings on the west side of Main street. The number of families rendered homeless is about two hundred, and the loss of property is estimated at $500,000, on which there is only about $60,000 insurance. The heaviest losses fall on the lumbering firms, whose mills, piles of lumber, etc., were all destroyed. The following is a list of such firms and their losses: E. B. Eddy Manufacturing Company, $200,000; Hull Lumber Company, $100,000; Gilmour & Co., $50,000; Wright & Co., $50,000; Hull Lumber Company, $50,000; Hull Lumber Company, $50,000; Hull Lumber Company,

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

MONDAY, MAY 13, 1889.

Coal reports printed this morning are fortelling.

Rumors that Emperor William is intoxicated.

The Senate will vote tomorrow on the Interstate Commerce bill.

Immediately the House of Representatives will meet daily at 11 a. m.

The receipts of wheat in Minneapolis last week were 421,420 bushels.

A fire in the Monongahela River a number of loaded coal-barges were sunk.

The Commission of the four Eastern provinces of France will commence today.

The freight-handlers' strike in Chicago is ended, and the men will go to work this morning.

Fire at Hull, Que., yesterday, burned over an area of ten acres and left 250 families homeless.

It is alleged to be an impossibility to get a drop of liquor for any purpose in Lawrence County, Illinois.

Postal-Office people whisper that Commissioner Black is soon to be transferred to another post—possibly the Austrian mission.

Attorney Shoup of Leavenworth has filed his answer in the impeachment proceedings against him, entering a general denial to each of the forty counts.

Parnell newspapers are trying to stir up strife by charging that Germany intends to occupy Morocco—a charge pronounced without foundation.

Peleg Peckham, a rich Cuban of Sherborne, N. J., was shot and killed late Saturday night by his wife, who then blew out her brains.

A settlement of the famous incident of King Ludwig has been planned by the Bavarian Chambers, and it is stated that the suits against him will be postponed.

Three more victims of last week's disturbances in this city were reported yesterday, making a total of eleven deaths. Fourteen deaths from cholera died yesterday.

The La Abra Silver Mining Company, an intensely interesting mutual investing & spot mine of money, will be argued before the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House this week.

A fight over is being made at Galena, Ill., on the question of the right of the municipal authorities to levy a 3-per-cent license tax on the different insurance companies for the benefit of the fire department.

Speaker Reed's remark that Ireland should have a local legislature or parliament which would make its autonomy correspond to that of the several States in the United States, Irish representation at Westminster to remain as at present.

Jesse Weaver, his wife, and two little daughters, while crossing a railroad track at Inwood, Ind., last evening, were struck by a passenger train. Weaver and one of the children were instantly killed, and his wife and the other child were fatally injured.

A decision is looked for in the United States Supreme Court today in the Wabash railroad case, involving the right of the State of Illinois to prevent discrimination between two citizens where the freight is to be carried beyond the State boundaries.

Francis H. Comstock, United States Consul at Glasgow, sends an interesting report to the Department of State, in which he carefully discusses the question of American hog products in Great Britain. In THE TRIBUNE'S Washington dispatches appears a synopsis of his observations.

There is a story afloat in Washington that Secretary Whitney has made a considerable investment in newspaper property in that city, and that to this cause is due the entire change in the tone of the Richmond Republican on naval matters, as well as the very timely and generous character of its recent references to the Secretary's fellow-laborer, Senator Payne of Ohio.

Four more of the Chicago pulpit pretenders the sickness promised on the American outbreak in this city last week, consisting the Bonds who incited the acts of violence, characterizing the Lake-Front meetings and enthusiastic promotions as illegal and pernicious, proving the pulse for City Hall's conduct, and severely advocating the visitation of the law's direst penalties on the culprits in custody.

Mr. Samuel Somerville, the Clarke avenue druggist whose store, stock, and fixtures were destroyed by the Saturday Commune in his neighborhood, will present a petition to the Common Council tonight asking that the inflammed outrage by which he has been subjected to the destruction of his home and his business at the hands of a lawless mob merely because he allowed the police to use his public telephone, and suggesting to that body the propriety of making him compensation for his losses, which he claims amount to about $1,000. It is a little remarkable in this connection that none of the scoundrels who were engaged in the destruction of his store have been arrested. If the police would arrest a few score of them their fines would go a long ways toward the reimbursement of Mr. Somerville.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

The action of the markets, the statistics of bank clearings, and the expressed sentiments of business-men during the week show that those who carry on the work of the country have possessed the minds that confining our material interests and are already laying their plans for operations based on what they consider a healthy, hopeful condition of economic affairs. It has taken the sense of the people a long time to see that the change from violence to correspondence actually came with the liquidation of the summer and fall of 1888, and that the condition of the country has been sounding ever since. But they do see it now, and they are acting on their conviction. They are particularly since the labor troubles began to clash last week—that the agitation for an advance in wages does not signify any radical weakness in the business situation, and that flags will soon be at rest to it. But it argues great strength in business that we have had so many adverse influences and so little disaster. If many traders had been in a weak condition there would have been plenty of failures, and if stocks had been in weak hands there would have been a lively boom in Wall street. The country is to be congratulated on the way it has met the demands of 500,000 men for higher wages with all the disturbance but their threats.

The course of the money market has justified the predictions of confidence during the spring, but shows no signs at present of settling down to the level of summer dullness. The tendency is the other way. The Bank of England discount rate has been raised from 2½ to 3 per cent. The specie has run low and the drift of the world's gold is still strongly toward France. The new French loan will be brought out this week, it is thought, and the movement of the precious metal from this country will then be likely to cease. The board of the New York banks has been greatly relaxed, but the line of independents to the metropolis has been so large that the reserve have not been depleted to the danger point, for the case from this evidence to correspondence actually came with the liquidation of the summer and fall of 1888, and that the condition of the country has been sounding ever since. But they do see it now, and they are acting on their conviction. They are particularly since the labor troubles began to clash last week—that the agitation for an advance in wages does not signify any radical weakness in the business situation, and that flags will soon be at rest to it. But it argues great strength in business that we have had so many adverse influences and so little disaster. If many traders had been in a weak condition there would have been plenty of failures, and if stocks had been in weak hands there would have been a lively boom in Wall street. The country is to be congratulated on the way it has met the demands of 500,000 men for higher wages with all the disturbance but their threats.

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THE NEWS FROM ABROAD.

CONDENSED NOTICES OF THE GIST OF THE DISPATCHES.

The Iron Workers Not Secure at Washington—Turkey's Quiet Attitude and Greece's Warlike Spirit—Oliver Wendell Holmes Sentimentally Greeted at Liverpool—Gen. Lincoln Elected President of the Senate at Dublin—Emperor William's Health—Gable Notes.

LONDON, May 5.—[To-day's Second Cable to The Tribune.]—The inevitable defeat of the Home-rule bill was acknowledged last night by the Premier at Sir Anthony's ball. It is a matter to say positively that Sir Charles Dilke has been driven to surrender his position concerning the secession clauses of Lincoln and Bath, when that matter is about ninety.

WILLIAM HENRY STEADMAN.

The Coming Struggle on the Irish Question—Will Parliament Be Shattered?

LONDON, May 5.—[To-day's Second Cable to The Tribune.]—The coming fall during the present week to the settlement over the Irish question must be understood only to be the effect of the coming struggle. Events of the week which at any other time would have been absorbing have taken but a subordinate place. The enormous opening of the Indian and Colonial Exhibition, which excels anything of the kind ever held, was an insignificant event when compared with the investiture in the part of St. Patrick's Cathedral. The frequent public appearances of the Queen are the great events of the season of the year. Her Majesty is delighted to receive crowds, and is getting in touch with her subjects. The Queen has the great power of pleasing the people. Her manner is perfect. She is a queen in every sense of the word. Her appearance in public before Chamberlain's old colleagues are bitterly resented. Her visit is a challenging blow to the Irish Nationalists, and they resent it. The Queen is a patriot with a passion for her country. She is a woman of great strength of character. She has been a great power in the constitution of the Kingdom. She has been a great power in the constitution of the Kingdom. She has been a great power in the constitution of the Kingdom

A NEW REIGN OF TERROR.

DISPUTED POINT AS TO THE SPEEDY RESULT OF RECONSTRUCTION.

The Slaveholders to Wield Less Power in Congress Assembly to Impeach Johnson—The Position Future of "Loyal State Governments"—Revolutions and Unlawful Conventions—Some Sensible Suggestions Dropped to Mitigate the Pains and Penalties of the Inevitable.

"The storm is over and gone, the future is ours to the last, the last of the reigning of little Bob Acres," are the words of the Secretary of State to hand to the last. Today the press heard and patent forth all our strength. The grass feels conquering and to conquer. The wild beast! like a strong man to run a race, the Sagebrush for copyright. The reign of his Imperialism are at work. The arms are gnawed frequently with his curses. She is at-tended with the complaint of the country, "The sad times are another, 'to wait,' and wide homecoming 'rejoice!' here, as rejoicing has been known and to continued.

The arrangement of the Senate are now such, the that reply has here—that homeworks of power which will soon long before the reign of the terror is really over—and that during very rapidly. The men are everywhere, and in numbers her. Power to the last for is not a greater sentiment than is due to her of the point of the Senate. The opens the wisdom to give her time her share and the sentence; the that thrown her into quite a force. The reserve looks and pur-ages from shelter to hide some necessary changes, and the here sensation she is now there was better as much cost to the house be-fore. She puts not a wardrobe and she is be-sides; she kept trusts out of a closet put to applaud. She sentence the matter to her hus-band, and he says the cost is nothing—of course you must expect to have a little Cost in the house. Upon the wisdom and sense of you, if you trust to; but he doesn't see how sensible to it. She says that it just like a woman, and he begins to discover that the ex-pense of all this fuss about dressing shows. The says, in contempt, and she knows just what he is going to say, for she has heard the same thing at the time of year ever since she was married.

In some respects the Sixth Ages had de-cided advantages over our own times. Not among the least of these advantages was the privilege of going duty if one pleased. It used to be quite right to remain unmarried if a person's inclination to that sorry character so seemed fit. From the cradle to the grave it was quite in order, and the fashion of those days to choose, without the stigma of a paralyzing breath, and which notice upon the wife. A bachelor of the proper mean thing such to a wife and conserve the social proprieties, and they was not the least among the advantages of the unmarried state of life. We preserve the human proprieties altogether too much-fully to these times, and it is even not for the accident of the period the world owes its acquaintance. As it is, because of the way and prejudice not to multiply connections.

If she is a true woman she has the impor-tance that she can be of use to her husband, that she can be a helpmeet to him. Of course the morning gun is not to sug-gest the work hours of Cocoa. She doesn't usually retire to at her husband rising, but she makes it a matter of conscience to be on hand when he wants her. She does not overwork, but she does not shirk. She is not ashamed to be found in the kitchen, and she knows how to cook a dinner. She is not afraid to be seen with her husband in the street, and she is not ashamed to be seen with him in church

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BUSINESS.

MONETARY.

COMMERCIAL.

STOCKS.

TELEGRAPHIC.

CITY ITEMS.

MARRIED.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
THE OLD HOMESTEAD
McVICKER'S THEATRE.
SEASON TICKETS
FOR THE
AMERICAN OPERA CO.
CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE.
Her Majesty's Opera Company
CHICAGO BALL PARK,
BASE BALL.
BOSTON vs. CHICAGO.
HOOLEY & MIDDLETON'S
HOOLEY & MIDDLETON'S
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
HERNE'S MINUTE MEN!
HOOLEY'S THEATRE.
NAT C. GOODWIN!
The Starling Trio.
PEOPLE'S—Close, near Harrison.
BAKER AND FARRON,
MADISON-ST. THEATRE.
MASCOT.
STANDARD THEATRE.
OUR BOYS AND OUR GIRLS.
WASHINGTON BOULEVARD RINK.
CRITERION THEATRE.
MISS MATTIE VICKERS
STARKEY'S & SPOTTAN'S
Lilliputian Novelty Company
HOOLEY'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
John A. Stevens in Passion's Slave!
COLUMBIA THEATRE.
BLACK HUSSAR.
THE MOST FAMOUS BATTLE
SHILOH!
LADIES!
DOLLAR
DRESS GOODS SALE
City of Paris
THE NANTUCKET
and OCEAN HOUSES.
SHIRTS
WHEN GOING TO EUROPE
MAGNIFICENT MAIL STEAMERS
FAMOUS
WHITE STAR LINE!
North German Lloyd S. S. Co.
The U. S. and Brazil Mail SS. Co.
STATE LINE.
EUROPE! EUROPE!!
HOOKER STEAMERS.
WESTERN.
EASTERN.

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Capt. J. J. Dougherty, U. S. A., and J. D. Shoblaker, South Bend, are at the Leland.

Judge D. M. Dobbard, Cedar Rapids, Ia., and W. J. Gordon, London, England, are at the Grand Pacific.

IN GENERAL.

The new calendar in the County Court is ready for circulation.

The consecration of the new altars in St. Peter Roman Catholic Church took place yesterday morning, beginning at 4 o'clock. The ceremonies were performed by Archbishop Feehan, assisted by Father Waldron, after the consecration pontifical high mass was celebrated.

Max Weinble, a man about 22 years of age, was arrested on the street yesterday by Officer Burke. Two days ago he was employed as a bookkeeper and collector by the wholesale tobacco firm of Wise & Southside, Nos. 104 and 106 Lake street, New York, at that time he embezzled considerable money, and it was found that he was $1,000 short in his accounts. The greatest secrecy is shown, and until that he has more or less communication with the firm and further developments are awaited.

A special meeting of the Chicago Club of the University of Illinois was held at the rooms of S. A. Kent & Co., No. 10 East Washington street, last evening, and elected one of its members to represent the association on the Oratorical Committee, and also appointed a committee of five to attend the entertainment to-night. A motion for a committee to prepare a program for a literary meeting of the club, to be held the evening of July 4, and another to incorporate under the laws of Illinois, carried.

All About a Mule.

There was trouble in the W. L. Coss Epoch corporation a few days ago that nearly resulted in a strike among the carpenters employed in manufacturing in the sash-making department controlled by Winnetsky, Hill & Co., the owner of the boot-making corporation of the same name. It seems that Mr. Hill left instructions that no lumber should be removed in the sash building which order was reported to Mr. Coss to be in regularity. The boy was a week now and the fuss had to be buried through to that for the mistake performance, and as it is said by the carpenter of the mule, the matter was turned off. Under these circumstances they considered it proper to send for a patron of hers, for which sum of the time objected to building the mansion. The boss objected and would not be responsible, when the gang in the dead-point arrested. The gang immediately rushed to the door, having the hostages on the stage, and on their return a message of the late found the men ready. Mr. Hill, manager for Winnetsky, Hill & Co., and Frank Coleen, agent of the plant, were present at morning on the temperate order by throwing the beer out, which then nearly ensued. The men left apparently about the matter, but, according to Mr. Coss, threatened to strike unless the boss or the firm's agent would take the mule to the factory and keep it out. The boss then went to work, and on a search being instituted by the force in the multiplicity produced not between the men of such corporations, the mule was visited at the afternoon performance.

Musical Convention A. O. H.

The Musical Convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians will be held tomorrow at New York and St. Paul. The accordionist are necessary this year owing to the split in the order growing out of the last convention at Cleveland, two years ago. The latter which acknowledges the authority of the Board of Erin will hold its convention in New York and their brass subscribers, with Henry F. Dunne, one of this city (or Patrick Kilgore) will hold its convention in St. Paul. The former claims to be the greater association of A. O. H.; that it has the largest membership, the most money, and the best facilities for the management of its affairs. The latter claims that their body has the support of the intelligent and progressive men of the order. The voting between the two bodies is very strong and a fair estimate on the part of the latter is that the accordions or the other.

There will not attract as much attention now as some of the others would, owing to the dissension the excitement of the order has taken off very largely. The Catholic Order of Foresters has attracted many of those who joined the organization on account of its religious and benevolent features. The Land League and other Irish national organizations have drawn off the purely national members. In fact the two factions are said to be in a state of collapse, yet large delegations from this city would attend either convention. Mr. Gorman will of course lead the delegation belonging to his faction. P. J. Carey and Dr. James T. Geoghegan of the Board will lead the Board of Erin delegation to New York.

Authentic Coal Trade.

A movement has been on foot for some weeks looking to the incorporation of the Western authentic coal trade on a new basis which will have for its main object the saving of prices by both the shippers and the consumers. It has so far developed that a call signed by H. Pratt, G. Merryweather, S. H. Hamilton, J. H. Avery, and J. L. Hathaway has been issued for a meeting of the shippers and a number of the more prominent coal men in the trade at the Tremont this afternoon. The purpose of the meeting, in the language of the call, is "the formation of a coal exchange, having in view the regulation of coal prices." This will not contain the sentiment of the Chicago Coal Association (retail), comprising over 150 coal dealers of the city, and which the Tribune recently stated, has met successfully, to control the trade. In the new arrangement heavy fines will be imposed upon cutting prices and probably boycotting, and the antagonistic spirit notwithstanding seems to be brought to the front that prices for the coming season will range from 50 cents to $1 higher than last year.

Henry Hardiman.

Julius Hardin, the Attorney for Jacob Dalman, who is under sentence to be hanged at Wauconda next Friday for the murder of Jos. Dalman Capron, was in town Saturday. It is stated that as far as he knew nothing was to be done to save Henry from the execution of the sentence. While he believed that Henry was a suicide and ought not be hanged, he of his relatives have not the means to bear the expense of the legal proceedings necessary to gain some to several counties. Henry is said to have a good deal, although he has private funds he is thoroughly rational and deserves a fair investigation.

Charles H. Walker.

The funeral services of the late Charles H. Walker were held yesterday afternoon at his late residence, No. 233 Michigan avenue. The Rev. Dr. George C. Lorimer, pastor of Immanuel Church, officiated. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Frank Thompson, John Wentworth, W. H. Bates, Jay Dix, C. E. Pattenden, Edson Winston, and S. C. Dunlevie, among the many friends and associates gathered to bear the last words said from C. H. Cobb, John Dunham, Judge Drake, William Hoyt, and F. W. Gunn. A long train of carriages followed the remains to the cemetery.

SUBURBAN.

Hyde Park.

Search for the body of Daniel Dunlap, the drowned Pullman engineer, was vigorously prosecuted yesterday. There is, however, little probability of finding the body until it rises to the surface, owing to the ice still packed in the lake. A number of the men have offered for the finding of the body.

Saul Seeger, living on State street, near Harvard, died yesterday afternoon from inflammation of the brain, the result of a fall on the head. Charles Schlesing is a minor son of Charles Schlesing, a saloon-keeper on Cottage Grove avenue, near Thirty-first street. The son was in the saloon of Clark Wade, State and Harrison streets, and got into a fight over the present Ohio election. Schlesing pushed Wade, and the latter struck him with a heavy beer stopper, but did not fell him. Schlesing, however, appeared to be dazed after the blow, and left the saloon. Friday he complained to his wife of not feeling well, and Saturday a physician who was called pronounced the case hopeless. Schlesing regained consciousness, Seeger was sensible, but had no visitors.

Lake View.

John D. Tier, a teamster, 22 years of age, committed suicide yesterday afternoon at his boarding-house, No. 1,000 Belmont avenue, by shooting himself through the head.

United States marshal to-day took in Deputy Sheriff Dow's place.

HORRIGAN'S LATEST PLAY.

HE HAS CLEARLY GOT HIS COMMISSION IN HIS POCKET BEFOREHAND.

The New Special Treasury Agent's Leading Friends Say State Senate on Refusing of the Congressman's Intention to Make a Mighty Pull for Senator Colvert's Seat in 1886—Democrats in Congress Among the Treasurers of the Seventeenth Congressional District.

James H. Rollins, who has been provided with an office in the South or Special Agents of the Treasury, has come out as a candidate for State Senator against George R. Wells, whose term as the Republican Senator from the Fifty-fourth district runs this fall. The seat of William R. Morrison can be seen in the movement to oust Rollins in the Senate. If he should be elected this fall he would still be in office when Senator Colvert's successor is elected in 1886, and would be of great assistance to Morrison in the effort to get into the Upper House. Rollins's candidacy comes to indicate that the Western Congressman is greatly using the wires to secure control of a majority of the Democrats in the Legislature that is to elect the next Senator from Illinois, and there will be a struggle in every district in the State where Senators are to be this year elected to overcome republican majorities in the interest of Mr. Morrison. Rollins claims to have great hosts of workers to his district.

The day after the appointment as Treasury Agent was announced he was very much exercised for the fear that he would be confined at some point outside of the city, the exact location of which was not given. Senator Colvert has been known to have great influence with the Treasury Department, and it was believed that he would be instrumental in securing Rollins's assignment to duty in this city. Rollins claims the most to-day that he will have a hard fight against the Morrison forces in the district. He was one of Hoxie's strongest backers in the fight for Treasurer, and fought Harrison with great bitterness. Harrison will therefore be counted out only in having an old enemy to contend with. Rollins took pricing a campaign backed by Cook County. Rollins claims to have got the nomination in spite of Harrison's opposition, and that he will make a campaign that people will talk about. He says he will engage the Democratic workers and stand by the Democratic nominee and expect a hearty support in return. The Democratic leaders, Allegheny, Cook, Kane, Lake, Du Page, Will, Kankakee, Grundy, Kendall, Bureau, Lee, Ogle, Whiteside, Rock Island, Henry, Stark, Knox, Mercer, and Hancock Counties, united in the district, and has been placed there twice in the last two years, and in the last case after having served four years in Congress, and after having served two years in the Legislature. The present Congressman, Judge Phillips, of Knoxville, was defeated by Rollins in the Democratic convention in Galva. C. H. Moore of Wyanet was also two years since in the House, at which time he was a candidate for Senator, but he failed to receive the nomination. Rollins is a young man, and has been in the Legislature for two terms. He is a member of Elks, and helped him secure the nomination two years ago. His opponent is L. H. Bonjean, of Galesburg, who is working hard to secure the district. The latter is from Knox County, and has been in the State Senate for three years. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and has made a long candidate to secure votes. Senator Parmele, Bureau, and Knox will fight for Rollins, and Kane, Lake, Cook, Du Page, Will, Kankakee, Grundy, Kendall, Lee, Ogle, Whiteside, Rock Island, Henry, Stark, Mercer, and Hancock will be counted for Bonjean. Senator Dickinson, whose district was not mentioned in the Capitol Syndicate through Colvert's influence, is credited on the side of the present Congressman. It is said Senator Dickinson will have a hard fight against the Morrison forces in the district. He was one of Hoxie's strongest backers in the fight for Treasurer, and fought Harrison with great bitterness. Harrison will therefore be counted out only in having an old enemy to contend with. Rollins took pricing a campaign backed by Cook County. Rollins claims to have got the nomination in spite of Harrison's opposition, and that he will make a campaign that people will talk about. He says he will engage the Democratic workers and stand by the Democratic nominee and expect a hearty support in return. The Democratic leaders, Allegheny, Cook, Kane, Lake, Du Page, Will, Kankakee, Grundy, Kendall, Bureau, Lee, Ogle, Whiteside, Rock Island, Henry, Stark, Knox, Mercer, and Hancock Counties, united in the district, and has been placed there twice in the last two years, and in the last case after having served four years in Congress, and after having served two years in the Legislature. The present Congressman, Judge Phillips, of Knoxville, was defeated by Rollins in the Democratic convention in Galva. C. H. Moore of Wyanet was also two years since in the House, at which time he was a candidate for Senator, but he failed to receive the nomination. Rollins is a young man, and has been in the Legislature for two terms. He is a member of Elks, and helped him secure the nomination two years ago. His opponent is L. H. Bonjean, of Galesburg, who is working hard to secure the district. The latter is from Knox County, and has been in the State Senate for three years. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and has made a long candidate to secure votes. Senator Parmele, Bureau, and Knox will fight for Rollins, and Kane, Lake, Cook, Du Page, Will, Kankakee, Grundy, Kendall, Lee, Ogle, Whiteside, Rock Island, Henry, Stark, Knox